

Larry Hogan, Governor - Boyd Rutherford, Lt. Governor - Van Mitchell, Secretary

# March 4, 2016

# Public Health Preparedness and Situational Awareness Report: #2016:08 Reporting for the week ending 2/27/16 (MMWR Week #8)

**CURRENT HOMELAND SECURITY THREAT LEVELS** 

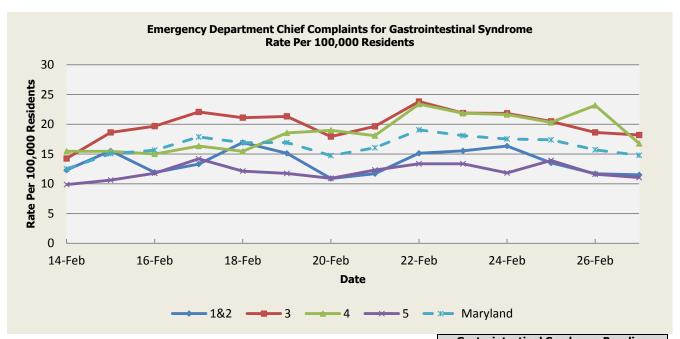
**National:** No Active Alerts

Maryland: Level Four (MEMA status)

#### **SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE REPORTS**

# **ESSENCE** (Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics):

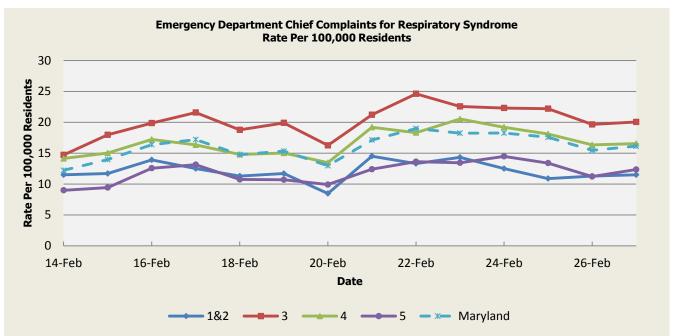
Graphical representation is provided for all syndromes (excluding the "Other" category; see Appendix 1) by Health and Medical Regions (See Appendix 2). Emergency department chief complaint data is presented as rates per 100,000 residents using data from the 2010 census.



There were three gastrointestinal illness outbreaks reported this week: 1 outbreak of gastroenteritis associated with a nursing home (Region 5). 1 outbreak of gastroenteritis associated with a school (Region 4). 1 outbreak of gastroenteritis/foodborne associated with a banquet hall (Region 3).

	Gastrointestinal Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present						
Health Region	1&2						
Mean Rate*	12.91	14.70	15.38	10.26	12.90		
Median Rate*	12.70	14.36	14.80	10.13	12.68		

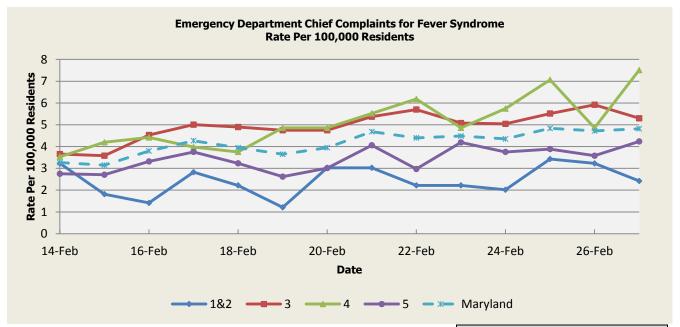
<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents



There were three respiratory outbreaks reported this week. 1 outbreak of ILI/pneumonia associated with a nursing home (Region 3). 1 outbreak of ILI/pneumonia associated with an assisted living facility (Regions 1&2). 1 outbreak of legionellosis associated with a nursing home (Region 3).

	Respiratory Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2 3 4 5 Maryla							
Mean Rate*	11.95	13.88	13.96	9.84	12.18			
Median Rate*	11.49	13.23	13.47	9.43	11.68			

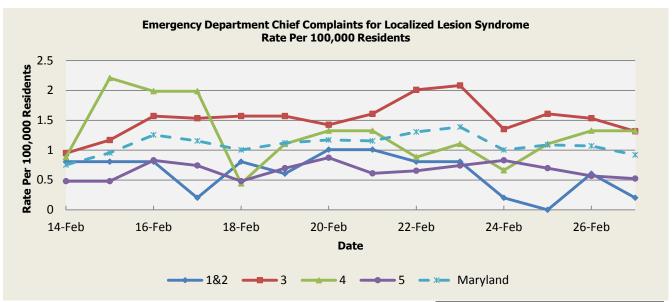
\* Per 100,000 Residents



There were no fever outbreaks reported this week.

	Fever Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	3.08	3.74	3.90	3.07	3.44			
Median Rate*	3.02 3.58 3.75 2.97 3.31							

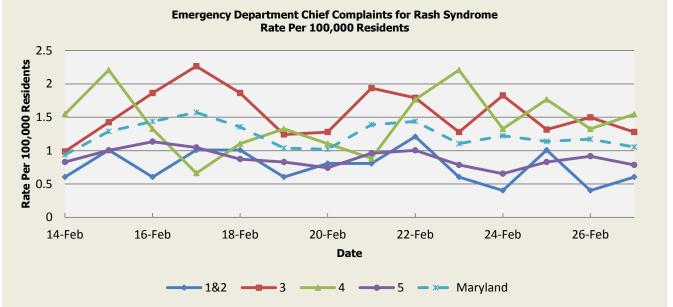
Per 100,000 Residents



There were no localized lesion outbreaks reported this week.

	Localized Lesion Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2							
Mean Rate*	1.08	1.92	2.04	0.99	1.50			
Median Rate*	1.01	1.86	1.99	0.96	1.46			

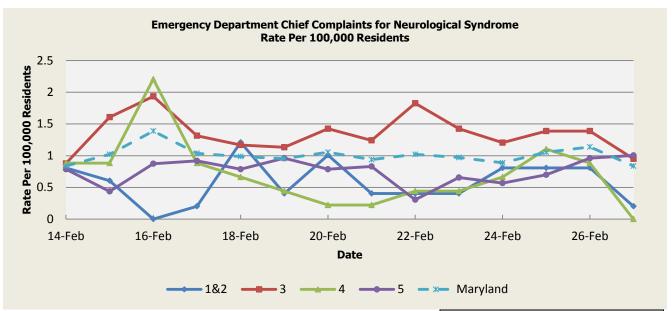
<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents



There was one rash outbreak reported this week. 1 outbreak of scabies associated with a nursing home (Region 3).

	Rash Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	1.31	1.74	1.76	1.05	1.44			
Median Rate*	1.21	1.68	1.77	1.00	1.39			

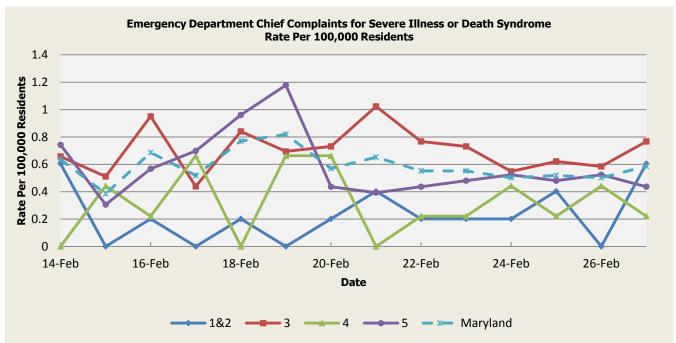
<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents



There were no neurological syndrome outbreaks reported this week.

	Neurological Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present								
Health Region	1&2								
Mean Rate*	0.62	0.71	0.64	0.47	0.61				
Median Rate*	0.60	0.66	0.66	0.44	0.55				

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents

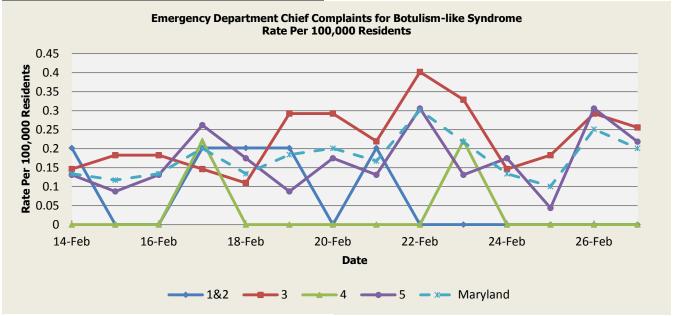


There were no severe illness or death outbreaks reported this week.

	Severe Illness or Death Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2	1&2 3 4 5 Marylan						
Mean Rate*	0.71							
Median Rate*	0.60	0.95	0.88	0.44	0.72			

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents

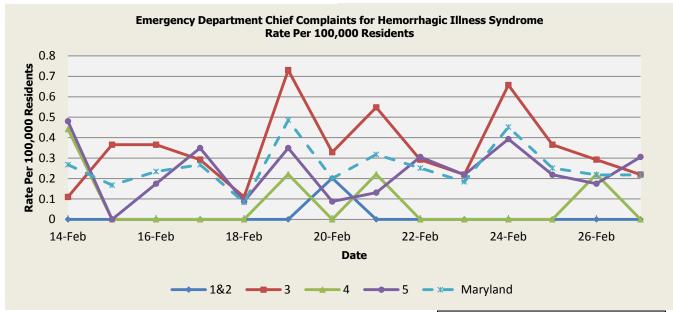
#### **SYNDROMES RELATED TO CATEGORY A AGENTS**



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of ED visits for Botulism-like Syndrome on 2/21 (Regions 1&2,3,5), 2/22 (Regions 3,5), 2/23 (Regions 3,4,5), 2/24 (Regions 3,5), 2/25 (Region 3), 2/26 (Regions 3,5) and 2/27 (Regions 3,5). These increases are not known to be associated with any outbreaks.

	Botulism-like Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present						
Health Region	1&2 3 4 5 Marylar						
Mean Rate*	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.06		
Median Rate*	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.05		

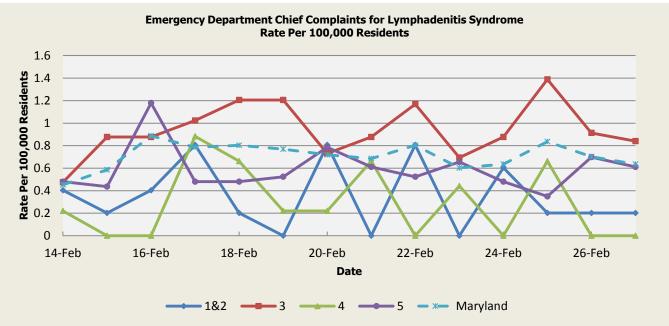
\* Per 100,000 Residents



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of ED visits for Hemorrhagic Illness Syndrome on 2/21 (Regions 3,4,5), 2/22 (Regions 3,5), 2/23 (Regions 3,5), 2/24 (Regions 3,5), 2/25 (Regions 3,5), 2/26 (Regions 3,4,5), and 2/27 (Regions 3,5). These increases are not known to be associated with any outbreaks.

	Hemorrhagic Illness Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present					
Health Region	1&2	3	5	Maryland		
Mean Rate*	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.06	0.07	
Median Rate*	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.03	

\* Per 100,000 Residents



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of ED visits for Lymphadenitis Syndrome on 2/21 (Region 5), 2/22 (Regions 1&2,3), 2/23 (Region 5), 2/25 (Region 3), 2/26 (Regions 3,5), and 2/27 (Region 5). These increases are not known to be associated with any outbreaks.

	Lymphadenitis Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present								
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland				
Mean Rate*	0.31	0.44	0.34	0.28	0.36				
Median Rate*	0.20	0.37	0.22	0.26	0.32				

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents

# MARYLAND REPORTABLE DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

	Counts of Reported Cases‡						
Condition		February		Cumulative (Year to Date)**			
Vaccine-Preventable Diseases	2016 Mean* Median*			2016	Mean*	Median*	
Aseptic meningitis	10	21.4	18	30	53.6	49	
Meningococcal disease	0	0.4	0	0	1.6	2	
Measles	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mumps	0	1.4	0	0	1.8	0	
Rubella	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pertussis	0	12.2	9	1	27.4	25	
Foodborne Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Salmonellosis	17	37.8	35	49	84.4	84	
Shigellosis	7	9	7	13	24.6	24	
Campylobacteriosis	18	27.8	30	57	66.2	66	
Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC)	2	3	3	5	7	7	
Listeriosis	0	1	1	1	1.4	1	
Arboviral Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lyme Disease	8	29.6	29	28	71.6	68	
Emerging Infectious Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Chikungunya	1	0.2	0	1	2	0	
Dengue Fever	0	0.6	0	3	1.2	1	
Zika Virus	1	0	0	1	0	0	
Other	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Legionellosis	5	4.8	4	10	10.6	11	

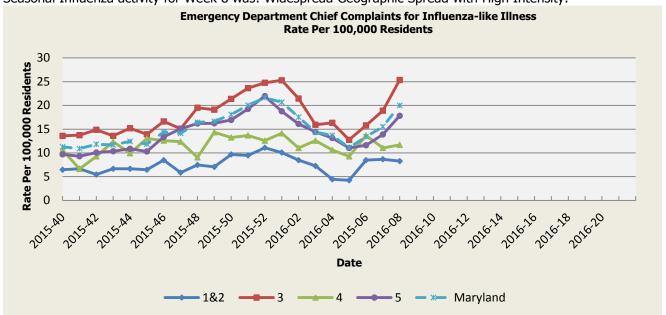
<sup>‡</sup> Counts are subject to change

<sup>\*</sup>Timeframe of 2011-2015

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes January through current month

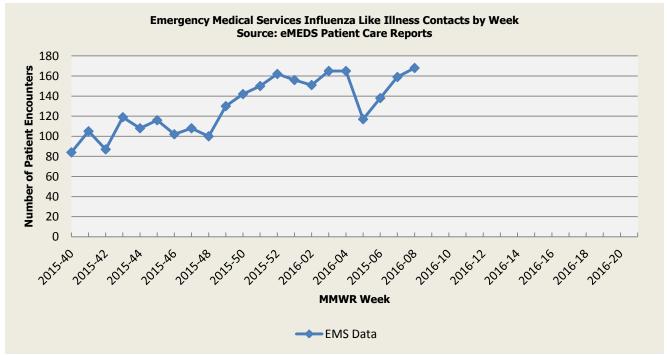
#### SYNDROMIC INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE

Seasonal Influenza reporting occurs from MMWR Week 40 through MMWR Week 20 (October through May). Seasonal Influenza activity for Week 8 was: Widespread Geographic Spread with High Intensity.

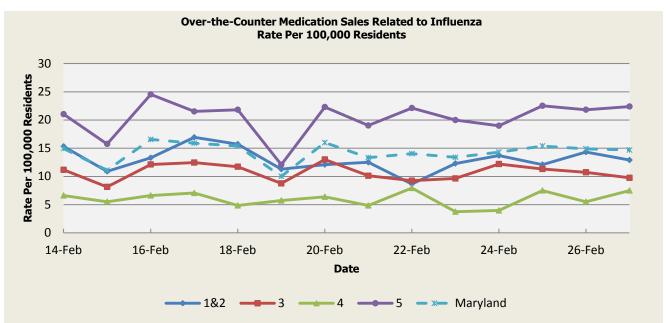


	Influenza-like Illness Baseline Data Week 1 2010 - Present						
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland		
Mean Rate*	9.26	11.17	10.77	10.14	10.59		
Median Rate*	7.66	8.84	8.83	7.81	8.47		

\* Per 100,000 Residents



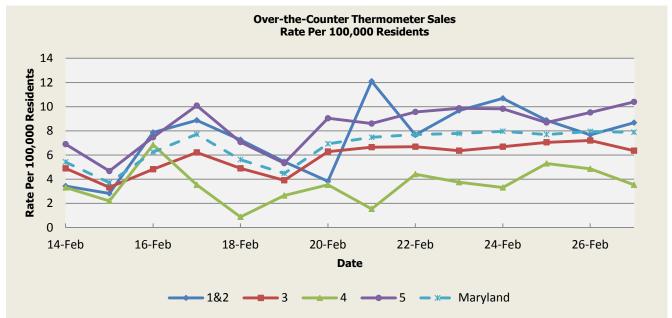
**Disclaimer on eMEDS flu related data**: This data is based on EMS Pre-hospital care reports where the EMS provider has selected "flu like illness" as a primary or secondary impression of a patient's illness. This impression is solely based on the signs and symptoms seen by the provider, not on any diagnostic tests. Since these numbers do not include all primary or secondary impressions that may be seen with influenza the actual numbers may be low. This data is reported for trending purposes only.



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of OTC flu medication sales on 2/21 (Regions 1&2), 2/22 (Region 4), 2/23 (Regions 1&2), 2/24 (Regions 1&2), 2/25 (Regions 1&2,4), 2/26 (Regions 1&2), and 2/27 (Regions 1&2,4).

	OTC Sales Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present				
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland
Mean Rate*	5.76	6.40	3.22	14.29	9.13
Median Rate*	4.44	5.26	2.87	11.57	7.43

\* Per 100,000 Residents



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of OTC thermometer sales on 2/21 (Regions 1&2).

	Thermometer Sales Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present				
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland
Mean Rate*	5.72	4.72	3.33	7.75	5.86
Median Rate*	5.04	4.35	3.09	7.12	5.39

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 Residents

#### PANDEMIC INFLUENZA UPDATE / AVIAN INFLUENZA-RELATED REPORTS

**WHO update:** The current WHO phase of pandemic alert for avian influenza is ALERT. Currently, the avian influenza H5N1 virus continues to circulate in poultry in some countries, especially in Asia and northeast Africa. This virus continues to cause sporadic human infections with some instances of limited human-to-human transmission among very close contacts. There has been no sustained human-to-human or community-level transmission identified thus far.

Influenza A (H7N9) is one of a subgroup of influenza viruses that normally circulate among birds. Until recently, this virus had not been seen in people. However, human infections have now been detected. As yet, there is limited information about the scope of the disease the virus causes and about the source of exposure. The disease is of concern because most patients have been severely ill. There is no indication thus far that it can be transmitted between people, but both animal-to-human and human-to-human routes of transmission are being actively investigated.

**Alert phase**: This is the phase when influenza caused by a new subtype has been identified in humans. Increased vigilance and careful risk assessment, at local, national and global levels, are characteristic of this phase. If the risk assessments indicate that the new virus is not developing into a pandemic strain, a deescalation of activities towards those in the interpandemic phase may occur. As of <u>January 20, 2016</u>, the WHO-confirmed global total (2003-2015) of human cases of H5N1 avian influenza virus infection stands at 846, of which 449 have been fatal. Thus, the case fatality rate for human H5N1 is approximately 53%.

#### **Avian Influenza in Humans:**

There were no international reports of human cases of avian influenza this week.

There were no reports of human cases of avian influenza in the United States at the time that this report was compiled.

# **Avian Influenza in Poultry:**

There were no reports of avian influenza in poultry this week.

# **NATIONAL DISEASE REPORTS**

**ELIZABETHKINGIA ANOPHELIS (WISCONSIN):** 03 Mar 2016 Health officials are testing water, skin care products and over-the-counter medications, and interviewing patients and families, to try to identify the source of an outbreak of an unusual bacteria that has sickened 44 people in southern Wisconsin and left 18 dead. Lab tests suggest a common source of the bacteria, called Elizabethkingia. But the investigation, which started in January 2016, has not revealed the source, health officials said. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4067424

**CIGUATERA FISH POISONING (NORTH MARIANA ISLANDS):** 01 Mar 2016 At least 15 individuals, including 9 tourists, were brought to the Commonwealth Health Center the week of 22 Feb 2016, 3 hours after they had lunch at a Chinese restaurant in Garapan. The 15 included a family of 4 and their housekeeper who were brought to the hospital later in the evening. Read More: <a href="http://www.promedmail.org/post/4060111">http://www.promedmail.org/post/4060111</a>

**MUMPS (NEW HAMPSHIRE):** 29 Feb 2016 The New Hampshire Department of Health and Human services issued a health alert Friday night, 25 Feb 2016, warning health care providers of a mumps outbreak at a New Hampshire college campus. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4057550

#### **INTERNATIONAL DISEASE REPORTS**

**FOODBORNE ILLNESS (INDIA):** 01 Mar 2016 A total of 247 students of a zilla parishad district council school in Vikramgad town of Palghar district fell ill after they consumed lunch in the school on Thu 25 Feb 2016. The condition of 17 students is said to be unstable. Read More: <a href="http://www.promedmail.org/post/4059581">http://www.promedmail.org/post/4059581</a>

**HEPATITIS C (CHINA):** 29 Feb 2016 Two heads of a hospital in Shangluo in northwest China's Shaanxi Province were dismissed after 26 patients contracted hepatitis C during dialysis treatment, said the local authorities on Fri 26 Feb 2016. Read More: <a href="http://www.promedmail.org/post/4057666">http://www.promedmail.org/post/4057666</a>

**HAND, FOOT, AND MOUTH DISEASE (MEXICO):** 29 Feb 2016 A number of Canadian families are returning from a popular Mexican resort area with an unwanted souvenir following a suspected outbreak of hand-foot-mouth disease. Read More: <a href="http://www.promedmail.org/post/4057670">http://www.promedmail.org/post/4057670</a>

**SCARLET FEVER (UNITED KINGDOM):** 28 Feb 2016 Health officials are urging parents to be vigilant for scarlet fever symptoms following an outbreak in the region. According to Public Health England (PHE) 37 cases of scarlet fever, which commonly affects young children, were reported across the South West last week. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4056695

# OTHER RESOURCES AND ARTICLES OF INTEREST

More information concerning Public Health and Emergency Preparedness can be found at the Office of Preparedness and Response website: <a href="http://preparedness.dhmh.maryland.gov/">http://preparedness.dhmh.maryland.gov/</a> or follow us on Facebook at <a href="http://preparedness.dhmh.maryland.gov/">www.facebook.com/MarylandOPR</a>.

More data and information on influenza can be found on the DHMH website: <a href="http://phpa.dhmh.maryland.gov/influenza/fluwatch/Pages/Home.aspx">http://phpa.dhmh.maryland.gov/influenza/fluwatch/Pages/Home.aspx</a>

Please participate in the Maryland Resident Influenza Tracking System (MRITS): <a href="http://flusurvey.dhmh.maryland.gov">http://flusurvey.dhmh.maryland.gov</a>

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**NOTE**: This weekly review is a compilation of data from various surveillance systems, interpreted with a focus on a potential BT event. It is not meant to be inclusive of all epidemiology data available, nor is it meant to imply that every activity reported is a definitive BT event. International reports of outbreaks due to organisms on the CDC Critical Biological Agent list will also be reported. While not "secure", please handle this information in a professional manner. Please feel free to distribute within your organization, as you feel appropriate, to other professional staff involved in emergency preparedness and infection control.

For questions about the content of this review or if you have received this and do not wish to receive these weekly notices, please e-mail us. If you have information that is pertinent to this notification process, please send it to us to be included in the routine report.

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Appendix 1: ESSENCE Syndrome Definitions and Associated Category A Conditions

Syndrome	ESSENCE Definition	Category A Conditions
Botulism-like	(Botulism or (DifficultyFocusing and DifficultySpeaking) or (DifficultySpeaking and DifficultySwallowing) or (DifficultySwallowing and DifficultyFocusing) or DoubleVision or FacialParalysis or GuillainBarre or Ptosis) and not GeneralExclusions	Botulism
Fever	(Chills or (FeverPlus and (Drowsiness or Seizure)) or FeverOnly or SepsisGroup or ViralSyndrome) and not GeneralExclusions	N/A
Gastrointestinal	(AbdominalCramps or AbdominalPainGroup or Diarrhea or FoodPoisoning or Gastroenteritis or GIBleeding or Peritonitis or Vomiting) and not (GeneralExclusions or Gynecological or Obstetric or Reproductive or UrinaryTract)	Anthrax (gastrointestinal)
Hemorrhagic Illness	(FeverOrChills and (AcuteBloodAbnormalitiesGroup or BleedingFromMouth or BleedingGums or GIBleeding or Hematemesis or Hemoptysis or Nosebleed or Petechiae or Purpura)) and not GeneralExclusions	Viral Hemorrhagic Fever
Localized Lesion	(Boils or Bump or Carbuncle or DepressedUlcer or Eschar or Furuncle or InsectBite or SkinAbscess or (SkinSores and not AllOverBody) or SkinUlcer or SpiderBite) and not (GeneralExclusions or Decubitus or Diabetes or StasisUlcer)	Anthrax (cutaneous) Tularemia
Lymphadenitis	(BloodPoisoning or Bubo or CatScratchDisease or SwollenGlands) and not GeneralExclusions	Plague (bubonic)
Neurological	(([Age<75] and AlteredMentalStatus) or (FeverPlus and (Confusion or Drowsiness or Petechiae or StiffNeck)) or Delirium or Encephalitis or Meningitis or UnconsciousGroup) and not GeneralExclusions	N/A
Rash	(ChickenPox or Measles or RashGeneral or Roseola or (Rubella and not Pregnancy) or Shingles or (SkinSores and AllOverBody) or Smallpox) and not GeneralExclusions	Smallpox
Respiratory	(Anthrax or Bronchitis or (ChestPain and [Age<50]) or Cough or Croup or DifficultyBreathing or Hemothorax or Hypoxia or Influenza or Legionnaires or LowerRespiratoryInfection or Pleurisy or Pneumonia or RespiratoryDistress or RespiratoryFailure or RespiratorySyncytialVirus or RibPain or ShortnessOfBreath or Wheezing) and not (GeneralExclusions or Cardiac or (ChestPain and Musculoskeletal) or Hyperventilation or Pneumothorax)	
Severe Illness or Death	CardiacArrest or CodeGroup or DeathGroup or (Hypotension and FeverPlus) or RespiratoryArrest or SepsisGroup or Shock	N/A

Appendix 2: Maryland Health and Medical Region Definitions

Health and Medical Region	Counties Reporting to ESSENCE		
	Allegany County		
Pagions 1 & 2	Frederick County		
Regions 1 & 2	Garrett County		
	Washington County		
	Anne Arundel County		
	Baltimore City		
Region 3	Baltimore County		
Region 3	Carroll County		
	Harford County		
	Howard County		
	Caroline County		
	Cecil County		
	Dorchester County		
	Kent County		
Region 4	Queen Anne's County		
	Somerset County		
	Talbot County		
	Wicomico County		
	Worcester County		
	Calvert County		
	Charles County		
Region 5	Montgomery County		
	Prince George's County		
	St. Mary's County		

